ACCME® Accreditation Policies
Including Information for Provider Implementation

ACCME policies supplement the Essential Areas and Elements, and result from actions taken by ACCME’s Board of Directors. Board actions are based on a review and discussion of relevant research as well as feedback obtained from multiple constituents, including accredited providers.

ACCME has organized its accreditation policies according to topic, and has presented them in a format that is intended to assist providers in understanding the policies themselves, as well as ACCME’s expectations for their implementation. If you have questions regarding ACCME’s accreditation policies, please contact us.

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Accreditation Statement

The accreditation statement identifies which ACCME accredited organization is responsible for demonstrating the CME activity’s compliance with all ACCME Essential Areas and Elements (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and Accreditation Policies. The accreditation statement must appear on all CME activity materials and brochures distributed by accredited organizations, except that the accreditation statement does not need to be included on initial, save-the-date type activity announcements. Such announcements contain only general, preliminary information about the activity like the date, location, and title. If more specific information is included, like faculty and objectives, the accreditation statement must be included.

The ACCME accreditation statement is as follows:

For directly sponsored activities: “The (name of accredited provider) is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education to provide continuing medical education for physicians.”

For jointly sponsored activities: “This activity has been planned and implemented in accordance with the Essential Areas and policies of the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education through the joint partnership of (name of accredited provider) and (name of non-accredited provider). The (name of accredited provider) is accredited by the ACCME to provide continuing medical education for physicians.”

There is no "co-sponsorship" accreditation statement. If two or more accredited providers are working in collaboration on a CME activity, one provider must take responsibility for the compliance of that activity. Co-sponsored CME activities should use the directly sponsored activity statement, naming the one accredited provider that is responsible for the activity. ACCME has no policy regarding specific ways in which providers may acknowledge the involvement of other ACCME accredited providers in their CME activities.

CME Content

ACCME’s definition of CME describes what content is acceptable for activities that are certified for credit:

Continuing medical education consists of educational activities which serve to maintain, develop, or increase the knowledge, skills, and professional performance and relationships that a physician uses to provide services for patients, the public, or the profession. The content of CME is that body of knowledge and skills generally recognized and accepted by the profession as within the basic medical sciences, the discipline of clinical medicine, and the provision of health care to the public.
A broad definition of CME, such as the one found above, recognizes that all continuing educational activities which assist physicians in carrying out their professional responsibilities more effectively and efficiently are CME. A course in management would be appropriate CME for physicians responsible for managing a health care facility; a course in educational methodology would be appropriate CME for physicians teaching in a medical school; a course in practice management would be appropriate CME for practitioners interested in providing better service to patients.

Not all continuing educational activities which physicians may engage in however are CME. Physicians may participate in worthwhile continuing educational activities which are not related directly to their professional work and these activities are not CME. Continuing educational activities which respond to a physician's non-professional educational need or interest, such as personal financial planning or appreciation of literature or music, are not CME.

CME that discusses issues related to coding and reimbursement in a medical practice falls within ACCME’s definition of CME.

Providers are not eligible for ACCME accreditation or reaccreditation if they present activities that promote recommendations, treatment or manners of practicing medicine that are not within the definition of CME, or known to have risks or dangers that outweigh the benefits or known to be ineffective in the treatment of patients. An organization whose program of CME is devoted to advocacy of unscientific modalities of diagnosis or therapy is not eligible to apply for ACCME accreditation.

**Content Validation**

Accredited providers are responsible for validating the clinical content of CME activities that they provide. Specifically,

1. All the recommendations involving clinical medicine in a CME activity must be based on evidence that is accepted within the profession of medicine as adequate justification for their indications and contraindications in the care of patients.

2. All scientific research referred to, reported or used in CME in support or justification of a patient care recommendation must conform to the generally accepted standards of experimental design, data collection and analysis.

**Commercial Support and Disclosure**

These policies and definitions supplement the 2004 updated ACCME Standards for Commercial Support: Standards to Ensure the Independence of CME Activities ("SCS").

Relevant to SCS1 (Ensuring Independence in Planning CME Activities):

A **commercial interest** is any proprietary entity producing health care goods or services consumed by, or used on patients.
The ACCME does not consider providers of clinical service directly to patients to be commercial interests.

A commercial interest is not eligible for ACCME accreditation. Within the context of this definition and limitation, the ACCME considers the following types of organizations to be eligible for accreditation and free to control the content of CME:

- 501-C Non-profit organizations
- Government organizations
- Non-health care related companies
- Liability insurance providers
- Health insurance providers
- Group medical practices
- For-profit hospitals
- For profit rehabilitation centers
- For-profit nursing homes

ACCME reserves the right to modify this definition and this list of eligible organizations from time to time without notice.

For additional information about types of organizations that are eligible for ACCME accreditation, see: [Determining Your Eligibility for Accreditation](#).

**Relevant to SCS2 (Identifying and Resolving Conflicts of Interest):**

**Financial Relationships:** Financial relationships are those relationships in which the individual benefits by receiving a salary, royalty, intellectual property rights, consulting fee, honoraria, ownership interest (e.g., stocks, stock options or other ownership interest, excluding diversified mutual funds), or other financial benefit. Financial benefits are usually associated with roles such as employment, management position, independent contractor (including contracted research), consulting, speaking and teaching, membership on advisory committees or review panels, board membership, and other activities from which remuneration is received, or expected. ACCME considers relationships of the person involved in the CME activity to include financial relationships of a spouse or partner. *(added March 2005)*

With respect to personal financial relationships, ‘contracted research’ includes research funding where the institution gets the grant and manages the funds and the person is the principal or named investigator on the grant. *(added November 2004)*

**Conflict of Interest:** Circumstances create a conflict of interest when an individual has an opportunity to affect CME content about products or services of a commercial interest with which he/she has a financial relationship. *(added March 2005)*

The ACCME considers financial relationships to create actual conflicts of interest in CME when individuals have both a financial relationship with a commercial interest and the opportunity to affect the content of CME about the products or services of that commercial interest. The ACCME considers “content of CME about the products or services of that commercial interest” to include content about specific agents/devices, but not necessarily about
the class of agents/devices, and not necessarily content about the whole disease class in which those agents/devises are used. (added November 2004)

With respect to financial relationships with commercial interests, when a person divests themselves of a relationship it is immediately not relevant to conflicts of interest but it must be disclosed to the learners for 12 months. (added November 2004)

Relevant to SCS3 (Appropriate Use of Commercial Support)

Commercial Support is financial, or in-kind, contributions given by a commercial interest (see Policies relevant to SCS1), which is used to pay all or part of the costs of a CME activity.

Element 3.12 of the ACCME’s Updated Standards for Commercial Support applies only to physicians whose official residence is in the United States. (added November 2004)

Relevant to SCS4 (Appropriate Management of Commercial Promotion)

Commercial exhibits and advertisements are promotional activities and not continuing medical education. Therefore, monies paid by commercial interests to providers for these promotional activities are not considered to be ‘commercial support’. However, accredited providers are expected to fulfill the requirements of SCS 4 and to use sound fiscal and business practices with respect to promotional activities.

Relevant to SCS6 (Disclosure to Learners)

Disclosure of information about provider and faculty relationships may be disclosed verbally to participants at a CME activity. When such information is disclosed verbally at a CME activity, providers must be able to supply ACCME with written verification that appropriate verbal disclosure occurred at the activity. With respect to this written verification:

1. A representative of the provider who was in attendance at the time of the verbal disclosure must attest, in writing:

   a) that verbal disclosure did occur; and
   b) itemize the content of the disclosed information (SCS 6.1); or that there was nothing to disclose (SCS 6.2).

2. The documentation that verifies that adequate verbal disclosure did occur must be completed within one month of the activity.

The provider’s acknowledgment of commercial support as required by SCS 6.3 and 6.4 may state the name, mission, and areas of clinical involvement of the company or institution and may include corporate logos and slogans, if they are not product promotional in nature.
Enduring Materials

An enduring material is a non-live CME activity that "endures" over time. It is most typically a videotape, monograph, or CD Rom. Enduring materials can also be delivered via the Internet. The learning experience by the physician can take place at any time in any place, rather than only at one time, and one place, like a live CME activity.

Enduring materials must comply with all ACCME Essential Areas and Elements (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and Accreditation Policies. However, there are special communication requirements for enduring materials because of the nature of the activities. Because there is no direct interaction between the provider and/or faculty and the learner, the provider must communicate the following information to participants so that they are aware of this information prior to starting the educational activity:

1. Principal faculty and their credentials;
2. Medium or combination of media used;
3. Method of physician participation in the learning process;
4. Estimated time to complete the educational activity (same as number of designated credit hours);
5. Dates of original release and most recent review or update; and
6. Termination date (date after which enduring material is no longer certified for credit).

Providers that produce enduring materials must review each enduring material at least once every three years or more frequently if indicated by new scientific developments. So, while providers can review and re-release an enduring material every three years (or more frequently), the enduring material cannot be certified for credit for more than three years without some review on the part of the provider to ensure that the content is still up-to-date and accurate. That review date must be included on the enduring material, along with the original release date and a termination date.

Accredited providers may not enlist the assistance of commercial interests to provide or distribute enduring materials to learners.

ACCME policy does not require 'post-tests' for enduring materials. ACCME records retention policies do, however, require participants to verify learner participation and evaluate all CME activities. So, accredited providers often choose to include a post-test in their enduring material activities as a way to comply with those two requirements.

Sometimes providers will create an enduring material from a live CME activity. When this occurs, ACCME considers the provider to have created two separate activities – one live activity and one enduring material activity. Both activities must comply with all ACCME requirements, and the enduring material activity must comply additionally with all ACCME policies that relate specifically to enduring materials.
Fees

ACCME accredited providers are accountable for timely submission of fees that are required either to attain or maintain accreditation. ACCME’s Accreditation Fee Schedule lists current fees, and describes all related policies. View a copy of ACCME’s current Accreditation Fee Schedule.

Internet CME

Live or enduring material activities that are provided via the Internet are considered to be “Internet CME.” Internet CME must comply with all ACCME Essential Areas and Elements (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and Accreditation Policies. However, there are special requirements for Internet CME because of the nature of the activities:

Activity Location: ACCME accredited providers may not place their CME activities on a pharmaceutical or device manufacturers’ product website.

Links to Product Websites: With clear notification that the learner is leaving the educational website, links from the website of an ACCME accredited provider to pharmaceutical and device manufacturers’ product websites are permitted before or after the educational content of a CME activity, but shall not be embedded in the educational content of a CME activity.

Advertising: Advertising of any type is prohibited within the educational content of CME activities on the Internet including, but not limited to, banner ads, subliminal ads, and pop-up window ads. For computer based CME activities, advertisements and promotional materials may not be visible on the screen at the same time as the CME content and not interleaved between computer ‘windows’ or screens of the CME content.

Hardware/Software Requirements: The accredited provider must indicate, at the start of each Internet CME activity, the hardware and software required for the learner to participate.

Provider Contact Information: The accredited provider must have a mechanism in place for the learner to be able to contact the provider if there are questions about the Internet CME activity.

Policy on Privacy and Confidentiality: The accredited provider must have, adhere to, and inform the learner about its policy on privacy and confidentiality that relates to the CME activities it provides on the Internet.

Copyright: The accredited provider must be able to document that it owns the copyright for, or has received permissions for use of, or is otherwise permitted to use copyrighted materials within a CME activity on the Internet.
Joint Partnership

Note - The revised language below no longer includes the words ‘partnership’ and ‘partners’ to lessen the likelihood that a ‘joint partnership’ relationship would be inferred to be an actual legal partnership – which is something unintended by the ACCME. (June 2005)

ACCME accredited providers that plan and present one or more activities with non-ACCME accredited providers are engaging in “joint partnership.”

A commercial interest cannot take the role of non-accredited provider in a joint partnership relationship.

The ACCME expects all CME activities to be in compliance with the Essential Areas and Elements (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and Accreditation Policies. In cases of joint partnership, it is the ACCME accredited provider’s responsibility to be able to demonstrate through written documentation this compliance to the ACCME. Materials submitted that demonstrate compliance may be from either the ACCME accredited provider’s files or those of the non-accredited provider.

Note that if a jointly sponsored activity is found to be in Non-Compliance with ACCME’s content validation policies or policies for disclosure and commercial support, the accredited provider in the relationship may be asked to provide one or more Monitoring Progress Reports related to the issue. Similarly, special requirements exist for accredited providers that jointly-sponsor activities with non-accredited organizations that have a history of joint-sponsoring activities that do not comply with ACCME’s content validation policies or policies for disclosure and commercial support. See Measuring Continuous Compliance through ACCME Monitoring for additional information.

The accredited provider must inform the learner of the joint partnership relationship through the use of the appropriate accreditation statement. All printed materials for jointly sponsored activities must carry the appropriate accreditation statement.

All ACCME accredited providers that choose to initiate joint partnership subsequent to achieving accreditation must notify the ACCME of their intention to do so. This will assist the ACCME in ensuring that all activity formats are identified and reviewed at the time of reaccreditation.

If a provider is placed on probation, it may not jointly sponsor CME activities with non-accredited providers, with the exception of those activities that were contracted prior to the probation decision. A provider that is placed on probation must inform the ACCME of all existing joint partnership relationships, and must notify its current contracted joint sponsors of its probationary status.

The ACCME maintains no policy that requires or precludes accredited providers from charging a joint partnership fee.
**Journal CME**

A journal-based CME activity includes the reading of an article (or adapted formats for special needs), a provider stipulated/learner directed phase (that may include reflection, discussion, or debate about the material contained in the article(s)) and a requirement for the completion by the learner of a pre-determined set of questions or tasks relating to the content of the material as part of the learning process.

The educational content of journal CME must be within the ACCME's [Definition of CME](#).

Journal CME activities must comply with all [ACCME Essential Areas and Elements](#) (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and [Accreditation Policies](#). Because of the nature of the activity, there are two additional requirements that journal CME must meet:

1. The ACCME does not consider a journal-based CME activity to have been completed until the learner documents participation in that activity to the provider.

2. The learner should not encounter advertising within the pages of the article or within the pages of the related questions or evaluation materials.

**Logo – Press Releases**

ACCME and the ACCME logo are service marks of the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education. These service marks may be used publicly only with the permission of ACCME.

ACCME accredited providers, ACCME recognized state medical societies, and intrastate accredited providers have permission to use the ACCME logo for educational and identification purposes. ACCME accredited providers may also use the logo in announcements related to their attainment of ACCME accreditation.

The logo can only be used in conjunction with, and in proximity to, the [ACCME Accreditation Statement](#), as demonstrated in the examples of usage provided below.

The ACCME logo cannot be used in notices, advertising, or promotion of activities or providers, other than in association with the ACCME Accreditation Statement.

Downloads:

Examples of use:
- [ACCME Logo - Dark Blue with White Type](#)
- [ACCME Logo - Light Blue with Black Type](#)

Logo files:
- [ACCME Logo (B/W)](#)
- [ACCME Logo (Blue)](#)
For providers that would like to distribute a press release announcing their success in obtaining either initial or continued ACCME accreditation, the following language may be used for that purpose only:

“FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
The . . . has been (re)surveyed by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) and awarded accreditation for . . . years as a provider of continuing medical education for physicians.

ACCME accreditation seeks to assure both physician's and the public that continuing medical education activities provided by . . . meet the high standards of the Essential Areas, Elements and Policies for Accreditation as specified by the ACCME. The ACCME rigorously evaluates the overall continuing medical education programs of institutions according to standards adopted by all seven sponsoring organizations of the ACCME. These are: the American Board of Medical Specialties; the American Hospital Association; the American Medical Association; the Association for Hospital Medical Education; the Association of American Medical Colleges; the Council of Medical Specialty Societies; and the Federation of State Medical Boards of the U.S., Inc."

**Records Retention**

Specific CME activity records must be maintained by all accredited providers. Records retention requirements relate to the following two topics: **Attendance Records** and **Activity Documentation**.

1. **Attendance Records**: An accredited provider must have mechanisms in place to record and, when authorized by the participating physician, verify participation for **six years** from the date of the CME activity. The accredited provider is free to choose whatever registration method works best for their organization and learners. The ACCME does not require sign-in sheets.

2. **Activity Documentation**: An accredited provider is required to retain activity files/records of CME activity planning and presentation during the current accreditation term or for the last twelve months, whichever is longer. Maintenance of this documentation enables the provider to, at the time of re-accreditation, show ACCME how the activities it provided during its current term of accreditation were compliant with all ACCME Essential Areas and Elements (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and Accreditation Policies. For guidance on the nature of documentation that ACCME will expect to review at the time of reaccreditation, peruse the ACCME’s [Documentation Review for a CME Activity](#) that accreditation surveyors use, as well as the [Documentation Review Form Labels](#) which providers use to identify evidence of compliance within their files/records.

Additionally, if ACCME receives a complaint about an accredited provider, and the complaint relates to the provider’s implementation of one or more ACCME Essential Areas or Elements or Accreditation Policies, ACCME may ask the provider to respond to the complaint according to ACCME’s [Procedure for Handling Complaints/Inquiries Regarding ACCME Accredited Providers](#) ("the Procedure"). The length of time during which an accredited provider must be accountable for any complaints/inquiries received by the ACCME is limited to twelve months.
from the date of the activity, or in the case of a series, twelve months from the date of the activity which is in question. Information and correspondence generated via the Procedure is maintained as confidential.

**Regularly Scheduled Conferences (RSC's)**

ACCME defines “regularly scheduled conferences”, as weekly or monthly CME activities that are primarily planned by and presented to the provider’s professional staff. Providers that furnish these types of activities must describe and verify that they have a system in place monitor these activities’ compliance with [ACCME Essential Areas and Elements](#) (including the Standards for Commercial Support) and [Accreditation Policies](#). The monitoring system must:

1. Be based on real performance data and information derived from the RSCs that describes compliance (in support of ACCME Elements 2.1, 2.5 and 3.1 – 3.3), and

2. Result in improvements when called for by this compliance data (in support of ACCME Elements 2.4, 2.5 and 3.1), and

3. Ensure that appropriate ACCME Letters of Agreement are in place whenever funds are contributed in support of CME (in support of ACCME Element 3.3).

Also, the provider is required to make available and accessible to the learners a system through which data and information on a learner’s participation can be recorded and retrieved. The critical data and information elements include: learner identifier, name/topic of activity, date of activity, hours of credit designated or actually claimed. The ACCME limits the provider’s responsibility in this regard to “access, availability and retrieval.” Learners are free to choose not to use this available and accessible system.